Remote Learning Grid - Week 9 Term 3 - YEAR 6

Activities that are highlighted yellow will receive explicit feedback from teachers. Optional activities are highlighted in green. Students working online with Google Classroom will also be monitored every second day to ensure that work is being completed. If work is not completed parents will be contacted via Class Dojo. Feedback on activities will be provided in school hours only.

Monday 6/9/21

Tuesday 7/9/21

Morning Routine Google Classroom

Google Classroom

Answer the attendance question in the comments of your teacher's morning video.

Morning Routine

Google Classroom

Friday 10/9/21

Enalish

DEAR Sustained silent reading for at least 30 minutes. You also have online reading subscriptions to

www.wushka.com.au

https://readtheory.org/auth/login https://education.abc.net.au/home#!/home

Spelling Soundwaves

Unit 27 Year 6 loud994

Reading:

Catch up on Detention chapters and writing responses.

BTN

Watch this week's BTN Episode on the website

https://www.abc.net.au/btn/classr oom/

Write a summary of VIPs from the episode this week

Squiz Kids Podcast: Simply listen to today's podcast.

Morning Routine Google Classroom

Answer the attendance question in the comments of your teacher's morning video.

Enalish

DEAR Sustained silent reading for at least 30 minutes. You also have online reading subscriptions to

www.wushka.com.au https://readtheory.org/auth/login https://education.abc.net.au/home#!/home

Spelling Soundwaves Online

Unit 27 Year 6 loud994

Writing Persuasive Writing

1. This or That

Pick one on the options on the slide and complete the brainstorm graphic organiser with 3 supporting reasons

2. Paragraph Graphic

Organiser

Complete the Paragraph Graphic Organiser based on your opinion with supporting reasons.

10am ZOOM GROUP 2

Literacy Discussion *your teacher will have more information

Reading: Detention

Focus on Ethical Dilemmas. Respond to the questions on Dan's ethical dilemma after reading or listening to Chapter 34.

Answer the attendance question in the comments of your teacher's morning video.

Wednesday 8/9/21

Enalish

DEAR Sustained silent reading for at least 30 minutes. You also have online reading subscriptions to

www.wushka.com.au https://readtheory.org/auth/login https://education.abc.net.au/home#!/home

Spelling Soundwaves

Unit 27 Year 6 loud994

Writing Persuasive Writing

Preparation: What are your most prized possessions? Submit a photo of your answer. Details in Google Slide.

10am ZOOM GROUP 3

Literacy Discussion *your teacher will have more information

Reading: Detention

Focus on Sima.

Respond to the questions about Sima after reading or listening to Chapter 35.

Squiz Kids Podcast: Simply listen to today's podcast.

-Read through the Google Slides.

your prized possessions from vesterday

possessions. Take into

consideration the scenario.

including why it is important.

Reading: Detention

Author Perspective

Respond to the questions on events after Sima's escape

Mornina

Morning Routine Google Classroom

Answer the attendance question in the comments of your teacher's morning video.

Enalish

DEAR Sustained silent reading for at least 30 minutes. You also have online reading subscriptions

www.wushka.com.au https://readtheory.org/auth/login https://education.abc.net.au/home#!/ho

Spelling Soundwaves

Unit 27 Year 6 loud994

Spelling Google Slide

Pick Spelling words from your Soundwaves list to complete.

1. Dictionary Meanings

Pick 8 words from your list and write their definition.

10am ZOOM GROUP I

Literacy Discussion *your teacher will have more information

Reading: Detention Fences! Respond to the questions on the use of the symbol 'fences' after reading or listening to Chapter 33.

Morning Routine

Answer the attendance question in the comments of your teacher's morning video.

Thursday 9/9/21

Enalish

DEAR Sustained silent reading for at least 30 minutes. You also have online reading subscriptions to

www.wushka.com.au https://readtheory.org/auth/login https://education.abc.net.au/home#!/home

Spelling Soundwaves

Unit 27 Year 6 loud994 Spelling Google Slide

Svnonvms

Pick 13 words from your list and write a Synonym for it.

Persuasive Writing

- You will need the photo submission of

1. Write a persuasive paragraph

Write a paragraph to justify your choice in each of your prized

Justify your choice for each item,

Wellbeing break	Library Wellbeing Task Go in to Your Library GC	Do a job around the house to make it easier for your parents.	Wellbeing Wednesday Go for a walk with a family member and	after reading or listening to Chapter 36. Sauz Kids Podcest, Simply listen to today's podcast. Library Wellbeing Task Task Due Go in to Your Library GC	FUN FRIDAY Watch today's Education Cive Stream
Dunale	Dunak	Dunale	get some fresh air.	Dunale	Cre/ii
Break Middle	Break Mathematics	Break Mathematics	Break Mathematics	Break Mathematics	Break Mathematics
	 Week 29 Session 1 Complete the "Data - Monday" slide. Complete all the tasks within the slide. Complete 3 Mathletics tasks 	 Week 29 Session 2 Complete the "Data - Tuesday" slide.Complete all the tasks within the slide. Complete 3 Mathletics tasks 	 Week 29 Session 3 Complete the "Data - Wednesday" slide.Complete all the tasks within the slide. Complete 3 Mathletics tasks 	 Week 29 Session 4 Complete the "Data - Thursday" slide.Complete all the tasks within the slide. Complete 3 Mathletics tasks 	Complete the Stage 3 Maths Challenge Complete 3 Mathletics activities.
Wellbeing break	Complete the 'My Coping Strategies' Survival Guide on Google Slides	ZOOM CLASS WELLNESS CHECK IN Year 5: 1:30pm	Wellbeing Wednesday Play a game outside and get some Vitamin D.	ZOOM CLASS WELLNESS CHECK IN. Year 5: 1:30pm	STEP CHALLENGE Try and reach 10,000 steps today. Use this time to get your walk on.
Break	Break	Break	Break	Break	Break
Afternoon	KLA 1:20 - 2:00 School Virtual Disco	KLA Geography (Lesson 8) How can stereotypes and generalisations affect how we think about places? A study of India and Ethiopia.	KLA Science Assessment All about forces! Complete the slides to demonstrate what you've learned about forces!	KLA Geography (Lesson 9) Explore the connections between Australia and New Zealand.	Sport with Mr Ellis

Week 9 Stage 3 Monday



Monday DEAR

Text Read

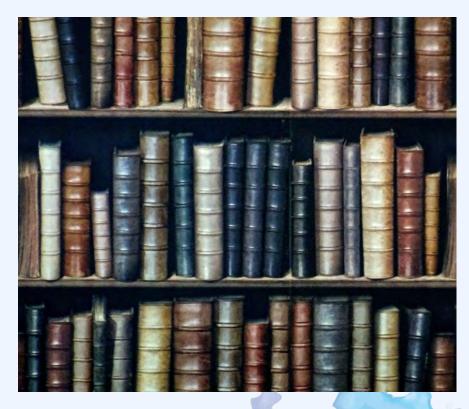
Type here

Pages Read

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Amount of Time

Type here





Soundwaves Unit 27



Year 6

soot	sh
sugar	C
woollen	fu
woolly	b
wolf	р
couldn't	b
would've	

shouldn't crooked fully bully pulley bullet

bullock fullness womanly pudding butcher driftwood

barefoot bulldozer understood knighthood cushion kookaburra hoodwink ambushed bullying pulleys bullocky cuckoo crookedly rookery whoosh bushel bulrush fulsome bulletin

bullion courier likelihood fulfilment unfulfilled fulfilling ebullient
woomera
babushka
pincushion
bushwhacker
misunderstood

Year 5 Extension

bullies	
bullying	
bushranger	
cushioned	
ebullience	

ebulliently ebulliently footlights fulfilling livelihood misunderstood penpusher pulleys pulpit pushiness swoosh wolverine wolves woodwork woolarower

bookbinder bulbul bullroarer bulwark cheauebook Year 6 Extension

falsehood kaput

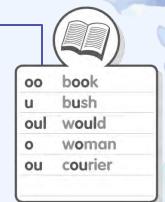
fulcrum fulminate fulmination hookworm kaput kibbutz kibbutzim pullet pulmonary sootiness sputnik unfulfilling woofer

worsted

Soundwaves Online



Learning Intention: We are learning strategies to spell familiar and unfamiliar words.

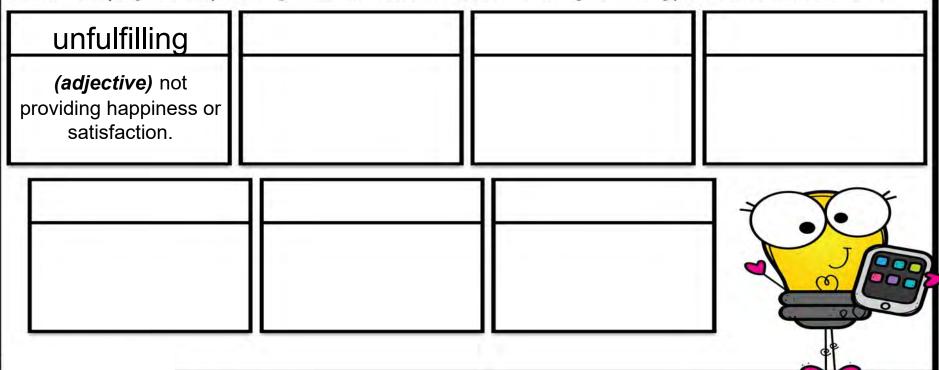


Success Criteria

- I can identify the focus sound of the week in unfamiliar words.
- I can define my words and identify their part of speech.

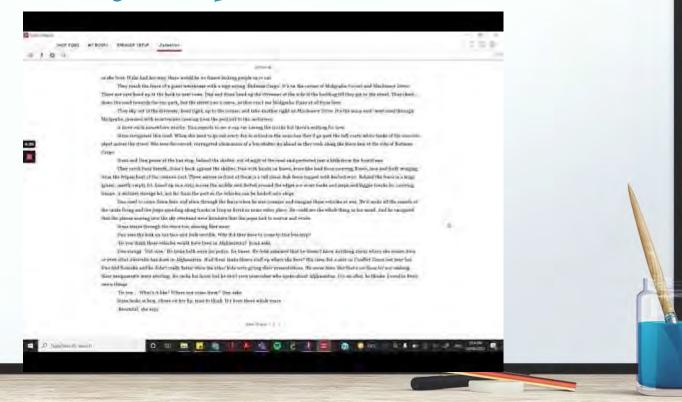
DICTIONARY DIG

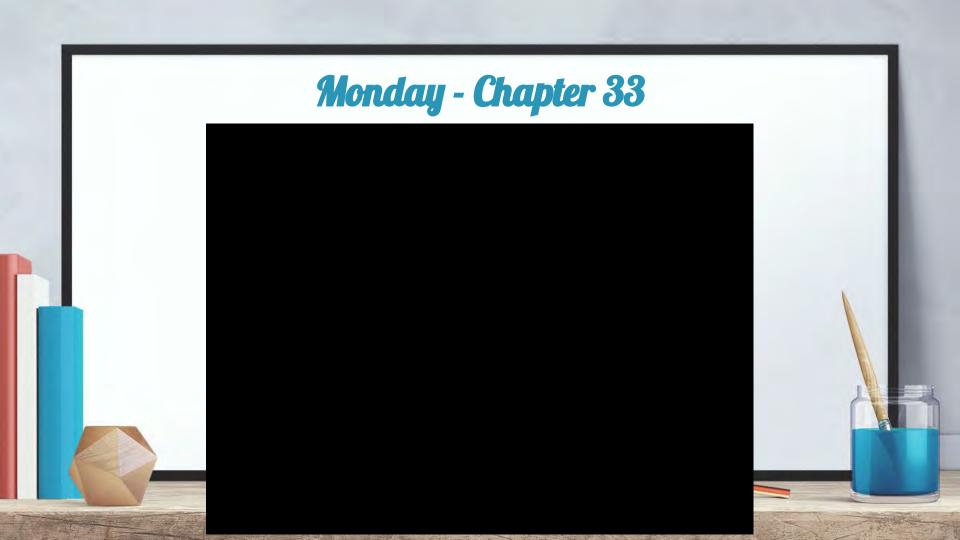
Look up your spelling words in the dictionary and type their definition.





Monday - Chapter 33 Youtube link





PERSPECTIVE AND SYMBOLS

Readers bring their own perspective or life experiences to understanding stories. The author uses the symbol of a fence throughout the novel including as an image on the front cover.

1. Describe what images/feelings you have when you think of a fence.

2. Contrast this to the 'fences' in Sima's life. How has her life been impacted by 'fences'?

3. The author, Tristan Bancks challenges the reader with the lines:

'Fences, Sima thinks. She never wants to see another fence as long as she lives. If she had her way, there would be no fences locking people in or out'.

Do you think the author thinks it's fair that refugees are locked behind 'fences' in Australia? What do you think he would like to have changed?

4. When Dan asks Sima what Afghanistan is like she says it's 'beautiful'. Are you surprised by her response? Why/Why not?

DATA



Learning Intention

We are learning to use appropriate methods to collect data and construct, interpret and evaluate data displays, including dot plots, line graphs and two-way tables

Success Criteria

l can:

- Interpret and compare a range of data displays
- Interpret secondary data presented in digital media and elsewhere
- Interpret tables and graphs presented in digital media and factual texts
- Identify and describe conclusions
- Critically evaluate data representations found in digital media
- Identify sources of bias and misleading representations of data

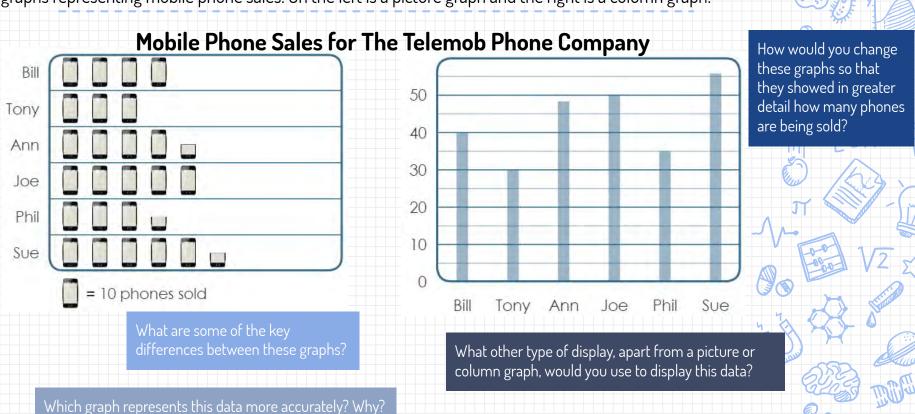


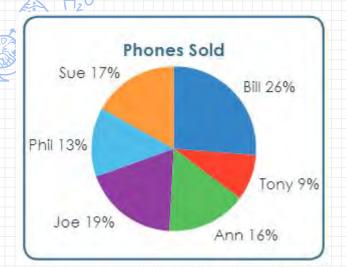


Glossary

- axis/axes (plural): a real or imaginary reference line. Graphs and Cartesian planes have a horizontal axis and a vertical axis.
- bias: error placed into data gathering and presentation by choosing one result or answer over others;
 an unfair preference or dislike of something
- · data: collection of information
- . key: information describing what features there are in a graph or on a map
- numerical data: data shown as numbers instead of pictures. This data is obtained by counting (how
 many students in a class) or the measurement of a physical attribute (heights of students in a class)
- · side-by-side column graph: a graphical representation of a two-way table
- table: information organised in rows and columns
- two-way table: a table used to show two sets of information

There are many ways to display data, and each type of data display has its own advantages. Below are two graphs representing mobile phone sales. On the left is a picture graph and the right is a column graph.





This is a sector, or pie graph. It is divided into coloured sectors. Each sector represents a part of the total. In this sector graph, we can see that Bill sold more phones than anyone else because his sector is the biggest.

Name	Phones Sold
Bill	.59
Tony	20
Ann	35
Joe	42
Phil	30
Sue	38

This table shows exact numbers of phones sold per person. Tables are useful when you want to analyse data in detail. You can enter the numbers in a spreadsheet to do calculations and analyse the data in different ways.

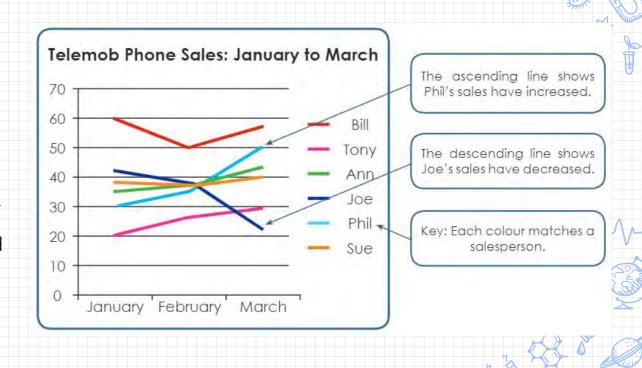
These displays show the phones sold by each person compared to the others.

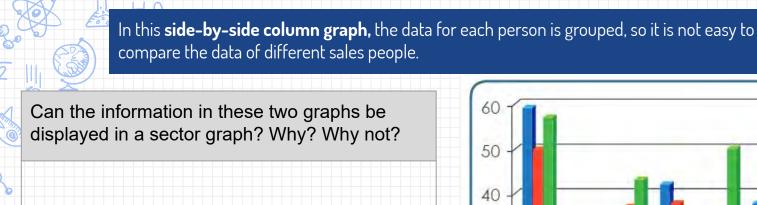
Which display shows the information in a more detailed way?

Which display do you think is easier to read?

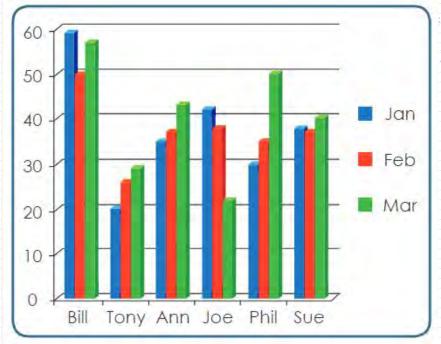
Line graphs and **side-by-side column graphs** differ from the previous data displays. In the graphs below the data is displayed over a three month period. This helps us to see trends in data, and **line and side-by-side column graphs** are the best ways to visually display the data.

In this **line graph**, we can compare two or more sets of data. For example, we can easily compare sales between Joe and Phil from February to March. The graph shows that Joe's sales decreased, while Phil's sales increased. The disadvantage is that we cannot easily see how many phones were sold overall, and what proportion each person sold.





Would you be able to make fair comparisons if some people didn't work in January? Why?





Colour fill the type of graph to match the statements.

Column graph

Sector graph

Table

Line graph

Shows continuous data gathered over time in a visual display. Easy to compare data in one set at any point in time.

Data shown as vertical bars. Good for making quick comparisons.

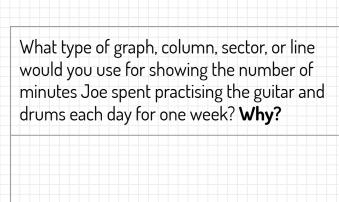
Enables us to see proportions of an overall total.

Gives exact numerical amounts. Can be used in spreadsheets for further analysis.



Joe's Weekly Diary for Guitar and Drums

Day	Guitar	Drums
Monday	45 min	20 min
Tuesday	60 min	0 min
Wednesday	50 min	15 min
Thursday	30 min	0 min
Friday	90 min	0 min
Saturday	60 min	120 min
Sunday	45 min	100 min





There are two types of data used for information displays.

Primary Data: Data that is collected by the investigator. For example, if you collect data on how many minutes a day you play computer games, this would be primary data.

Secondary Data: Data used that has already been collected by someone else. For example, if you used data from a report about how much junk mail a house receives in a year, you would be using secondary data.

Example	Primary or Secondary			
Newspaper sector graph you use in a presentation				
Counting cars in the car park for 3 hours				
Your survey of Year 6 eye colour				
Two-way table of scores on a gaming website				







Use the tables on this page about popular baby names in 1960 and 2013 to answer questions on the following page.









Popular Baby Names in 1960

1960	Boys	No.	Girls	No.
1	Peter	2335	Jennifer	1217
2	Mark	2040	Julie	1086
3	David	1990	Susan	1082
4	Michael	1850	Deborah	915
5	John	1748	Karen	908
6	Stephen	1616	Kim	770
7	Robert	1346	Debra	683
8	Gregory	1224	Sharon	677
9	Paul	1182	Christine	609
10	Anthony	1007	Donna	594
11	lan	785	Robyn	588
12	Steven	784	Catherine	574
13	Wayne	782	Margaret	555
14	Christopher	764	Elizabeth	552
15	Craig	583	Helen	552
16	Richard	557	Sandra	543
17	James	555	Vicki	534
18	Andrew	550	Michelle	533
19	William	485	Wendy	525
20	Brett	483	Joanne	509

Popular Baby Names in 2013

2013	Boys	No.	Girls	No
1	William	696	Charlotte	613
2	Oliver	630	Olivia	551
3	Jack	574	Amelia	540
4	Noah	555	Chloe	517
5	James	510	Mia	517
6	Lucas	471	Emily	504
7	Thomas	468	Isabella	486
8	Lachlan	454	Ava	483
9	Cooper	453	Sophie	449
10	Liam	447	Ruby	426
11	Ethan	445	Sophia	407
12	Jacob	428	Ella	389
13	Alexander	428	Sienna	375
14	Isaac	412	Grace	369
15	Joshua	408	Lily	315
16	Samuel	399	lvy	312
17	Harrison	356	Zoe	308
18	Benjamin	348	Matilda	300
19	Mason	346	Isla	299
20	Max	337	Emma	282

These tables are based on data gathered from the NSW Registry of Births, Deaths and Marriages website

-

If we use the data from the tables, would we be using primary or secondary data? Why? If the NSW Registry of Births, Deaths and Marriages uses the data, are they using primary or secondary sources of data? Explain your answer. Look at the number of people born with names which were in the top 10 in 1960 and in 2013. What do you notice? One possible explanation is that more children were born in 1960 than in 2013. What other explanations could there be for the difference between the two years?



WEEK 29 SESSION 1

Answer as many questions as you can in 5 minutes

MENTAL STRATEGIES do these in your head

Q	Question	Answer
1	10 = 🗆 + 1	
2	What is double 8?	
3	What is half of 51?	
4	15 + 80 = 🗆	
5	133 - 60 = 🗆	

6	12 + 🗆 = 20	
7	68 + 70 = 🗆	
8	51 + 18 = 51 + 9 + 🗆	
9	1 + 871 = 🗆	
10	86 + 85 = 80 + 80 + \square	
	Total out of 10	

TIMESTABLES do these in your head

Q	Question	Answer
1	21 ÷ □ = 7	
2	□ × 10 = 100	
3	□ ÷ 10 = 3	
4	49 ÷ □ = 7	
5	8 × 8 = □	

6	□ ÷ 6 = 4	
7	45 ÷ □ = 5	
8	6 × 6 = □	
9	□ × 6 = 54	
10	90 ÷ 10 = □	
	Total out of 10	

KEY SKILLS - you may use written calculations for these questions

Q	Question	Answer
1	612 ÷ 9 = □	
2	10 ÷ 2 + 4	
3	40.32 ÷ 0.5	
4	0.13 × 10	
5	(-100) ÷ (-10)	
6	If $a = 5 b = 9$ and $c = 3$, what is the value of $2a + b/c$?	

7	5 - (-10)	
8	What is the highest common factor of 27 and 19?	
9	What is the value of (-12) squared?	
10	What is 110% of £120?	
	Total out of 10	

WHICH MINDS BELT
ARE YOU?

Which belt does your

0=3

WHITE

VEFFOW

400

77-8 DRANGE

GREEN 1000112

14-17 BLUE

PURPLE 110-21

22-25 RED

BROWN 25-22

.....

KINJAS

BL太CK

NUMERACYNINJAS DEG



Week 29 Session 1

Mental Strategies Answers

Q	Question	Answer
1	10 = 🗆 + 1	9
2	What is double 8?	16
3	What is half of 51?	25.5
4	15 + 80 = 🗆	95
5	133 - 60 = 🗆	73
6	12 + 🗆 = 20	8
7	68 + 70 = □	138
8	51 + 18 = 51 + 9 + 🗆	9
9	1 + 871 = 🗆	872
10	86 + 85 = 80 + 80 + 🗆	11



Week 29 Session 1

Times tables Answers

Q	Question	Answer
1	21 ÷ □ = 7	3
2	□ × 10 = 100	10
3	□ ÷ 10 = 3	30
4	49 ÷ □ = 7	7
5	8 × 8 = 🗆	64
6	□ ÷ 6 = 4	24
7	45 ÷ □ = 5	9
8	6 × 6 = □	36
9	□ × 6 = 54	9
10	90 ÷ 10 = 🗆	9



Week 29 Session 1

Key Skills Answers

Q	Question	Answer
1	612 ÷ 9 = □	68
2	10 ÷ 2 + 4	9
3	40.32 ÷ 0.5	80.64
4	0.13 × 10	1.3
5	(-100) ÷ (-10)	10
6	If $a = 5$ b = 9 and c = 3, what is the value of $2a + b/c$?	13
7	5 - (-10)	15
8	What is the highest common factor of 27 and 19?	1
9	What is the value of (-12) squared?	144
10	What is 110% of £120?	£132

MONDAY WELLBEING TASK



I CAN BUILD MY SELF-LOVE

each day



thing I love about myself:

fun things about me:



3 ways I show kindness to others:

4 positive qualities I have:

5 things I did well this week:



Week 9 Stage 3 Tuesday



Tuesday DEAR

Text Read

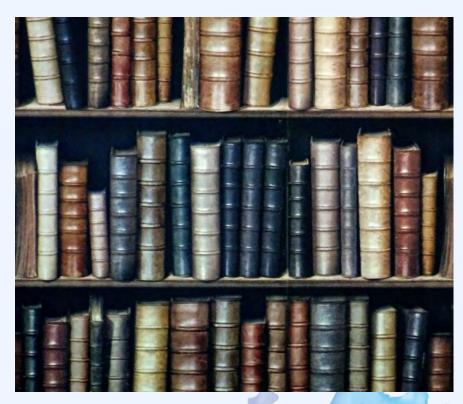
Type here

Pages Read

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Amount of Time

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Soundwaves Unit 27



Year 6

Year 6 Extension

soot crooked sugar woollen fully woolly bully wolf pulley couldn't bullet would've

shouldn't

bullock fullness womanly pudding butcher driftwood

barefoot bulldozer understood knighthood cushion kookaburra hoodwink ambushed bullying pulleys bullocky cuckoo crookedly

rookery whoosh bushel bulrush fulsome bulletin

bullion courier likelihood fulfilment unfulfilled fulfilling

ebullient woomera babushka pincushion bushwhacker misunderstood

Year 5 Extension

bullies bullying bushranger cushioned ebullience

ebullient ebulliently footlights fulfilling livelihood

misunderstood penpusher pulleys tialua pushiness

swoosh wolverine wolves woodwork woolarower

bookbinder bulbul bullroarer bulwark chequebook falsehood fulcrum **fulminate fulmination** hookworm

kaput kibbutz kibbutzim pullet pulmonary sootiness sputnik unfulfilling woofer worsted

Soundwaves Online

WEEK 9 TUESDAY WRITING

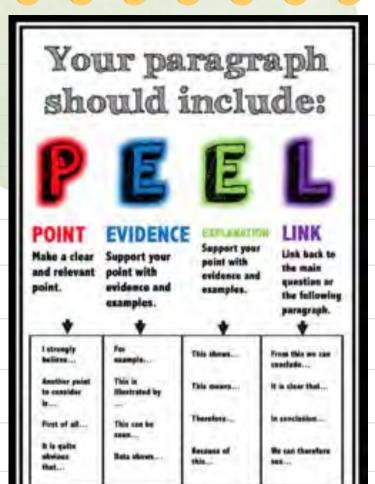
Stage 3



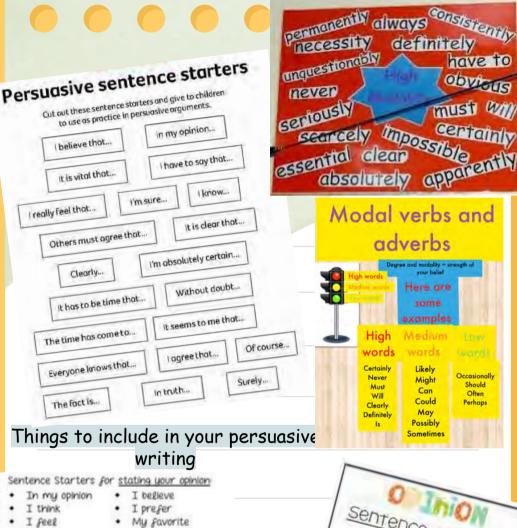
PEEL PARAGRAPH REVISION

Watch the video to get more information from Muss Michos

Your Paragraph Should Include: Evidence Explanation Link Point Make your point Explain how the evidence Back it up: Link this Support your point with evidence & point to the supports next point in the following your point examples paragraph Or back to main point



PARAGRAPH STRUCTURE



Transitions when providing reasons

- First
- Another reason
- To start
- Finally
- To begin with

- Lastly
- Second

- Most importantly
- Next
- One last reason

Transitions when providing examples/details-

- For example

 - Additionally For instance In other words
- In particular
- Specifically An example is

Transitions when coming to a conclusion

- In conceusion
- To sum it up To summarize

In fact

- All in all
- As you can see Finally
- Sentence Starters *I prefer... *I Think ... *I feel... *I KNOW ... *I believe... *In my opinion... *The pest thing about. *The greatest part about... *The worst part about... *Everyone snould... is better *IF YOU liked because... Than you will love

Watch this video and enlarge me...

You have to make a decision!

Selling:

You have to evacuate your house immediately and you can only take one of the following options...

THIS OR THAT



COMPLETE THE BRAINSTORM GRAPHIC ORGANISER BASED ON YOUR OPINION ON WHICH ITEM YOU WOULD TAKE AND WHY

THIS OR THAT

sneakers OR Photos

TYPE YOUR CHOICE HERE

Make sure each reason is different

Type Reason 1

> Type Reason 2

Type Reason 3

Remember order Your reasons, the first Deing the strongest

Include a high modality word

Start each reason with a different sentence starter

BRUNO-S blackmad

Watch this video and enlarge me...

COMPLETE THE PARAGRAPH GRAPHIC ORGANISER TO SUPPORT YOUR OPINION

THIS OR THAT



What do you prefer? Type here	e	
●Topic Sentence: Type here Type here		
B REASONS WHY		
Ist Reason: Type here	Type here	
Example: Type here		
2 nd Reason: Type here		
Example: Type here		
3 rd Reason: Type here		
Example: Type here		
Conclusion: Type here		

Conclusion:

USE THIS EXAMPLE ON LIQUID GLUE AND STICK GLUE TO HELP YOU IF YOU GET STUCK...

THIS OR THAT



What do you prefer? _

Liquid Glue

• Topic Sentence: Liquid glue is a superior glue choice in compassion to stick glue for many reasons.

REASONS WHY

Ist Reason: It sticks better to paper and craft objects.

Example: When connecting cotton balls to craft sticks to forms a strong bond.

2nd Reason: It is flexible and able to reach small areas.

Example: Because it is liquid it can get in between cracks.

3rd Reason: It last longer than stick glue.

Example: Stick glue dries out quickly causing it to expire faster than liquid glue.

 Counterclaim: Although some people think stick glue is better because it is less messy, liquid glue is not messy as long as you go slowly.

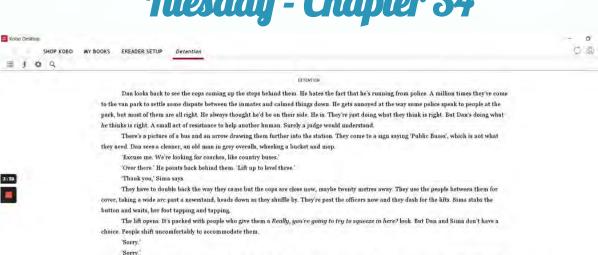
Conclusion: In summary, liquid glue offers many benefits that stick glue does not making it a superior choice.



Tuesday - Chapter 34 Youtube link



Tuesday - Chapter 34



Before the doors close, Sima and Dan see a group of four Border Force officers charge into the station's main entrance. They're CTU officers. Counter Terrorism Unit. They're usually only at the airport. That's what Dad told him when Dan and Mum went to see him off last time. But now they're here. And they have guns. Glocks, Dad said. Fat, black pistols:

Sima shields her face with her hand. She's seen plenty of guns before but rarely has she felt so scared. The lift doors start to close and, as they do, one of the officers turns and looks directly at them. He taps the guy next to him and raises his walkie-talkie to his mouth. The doors shut and they start to move upward.

Dan and Sima share a look. The lift rises and Sima's stomach drops. It's dead not in here and reeks of bad breath and pame. Seconds later the doors part and they see a friendly 'Welcome!' sign with a picture of a palm tree. Beneath the sign there's an escalator coming up from the food court

They dash out and head left into a ticket office and waiting area. Charcoal-grey carpet, small cafe, wall of vending machines. People on blue plastic chairs reading newspapers, tapping phones, with suitcases and backpacks scattered at their feet. Beyond the travellers, the coach ticket

They weave their way towards the desk

D Type here to search

TATION - 2 4



Dan regards the police in a positive light. However, in running from them:

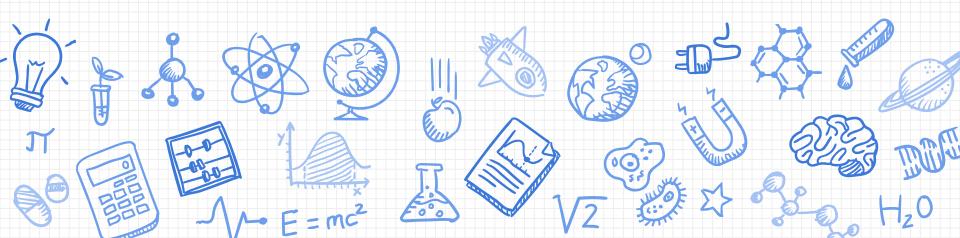
'Dan's doing what he thinks is right. 'A small act of resistance to help another human. Surely a judge would understand'.

1. With these lines, what do you think the author, Tristan Bancks wants the reader to question/consider?

2. Do you think it is important to challenge or resist authority to help another human? Why/Why not?

3. Dan uses his savings to buy Sima's bus ticket to Leeton. Do you think Dan is still making the right decision to help Sima even though they are clearly being pursued by **Border Force officers. Why/Why not?** 4. What 5 words would you use to describe Dan's character? Which of these qualities do you admire the most? Why?

DATA



Learning Intention

We are learning to use appropriate methods to collect data and construct, interpret and evaluate data displays, including dot plots, line graphs and two-way tables

Success Criteria

I can:

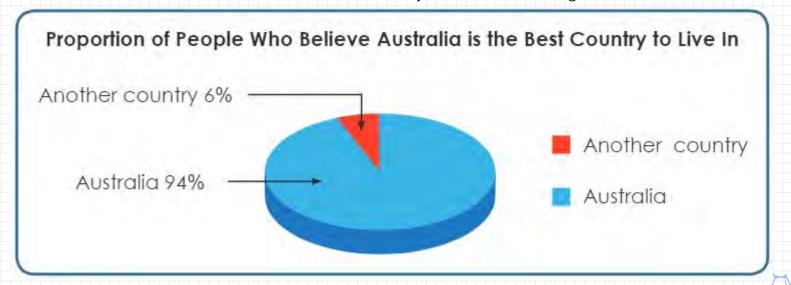
- Interpret and compare a range of data displays
- Interpret secondary data presented in digital media and elsewhere
- Critically evaluate data representations found in digital media
- Identify sources of bias and misleading representations of data
- Interpret tables and graphs presented in digital media and factual texts
- Identify and describe conclusions





When gathering data, it is important to design questions that collect information that and display it without bias. **Bias** is when data and information displays show information that is not complete, or is misleading so that a desired result can be shown.

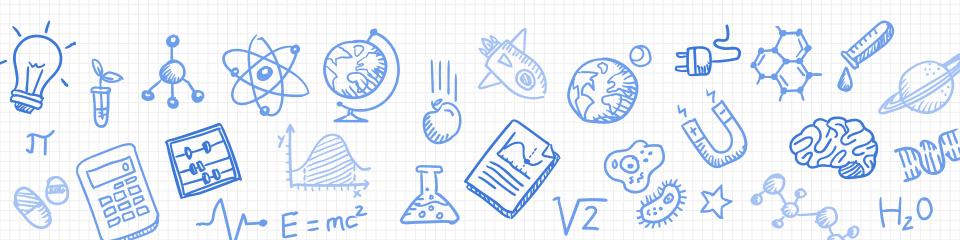
For example, the sector graph below shows that 94% of people in an international survey think that Australia is the best country in the world. This would lead us to believe that a large amount of people around the world think that Australia is the best country in the world for living in.



The data displayed actually only shows the opinions of people living in Australia and not the opinions of people in other countries.

Below is the graph that the data was taken from. This graph shows that other countries, such as America have a far higher portion of people who are satisfied with living in their own country. Compared to other countries, Australia doesn't rate as highly. Satisfaction of living in home country 80 Satisfied 60 Percentage of Dissatisfied Satisfaction 40 20 The season of th Country

Look at the title of the two displays on the previous pages. They are quite different and do not mean the same thing. How do these titles influence what you think about the data they show?



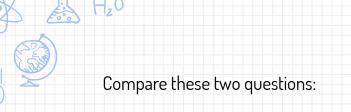
Leading Questions

Questions for surveys can be biased. A biased question can lead to particular answers. This data is then used to prove a point. For example, emotive words or phrases can be used in survey questions to make a person more likely to give a certain answer.

These are biased questions!

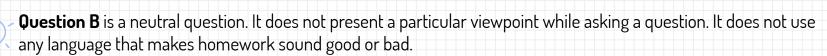
Do you want to eat a hamburger or the usual vegetable Would you agree that the local childcare facilities are totally unsatisfactory?





А	В
Should schools force children to do boring homework?	Should homework be a part of school work?

Question A uses negative language: force and boring. It is telling us that the homework is boring and that children are forced to do it. This will make most people more likely to disagree that homework should be a part of school.





Look at the questions. Do you think that they are biased or neutral? Write your answer and give your reason. If you think it is a biased question, change it and write a neutral question in the right column.

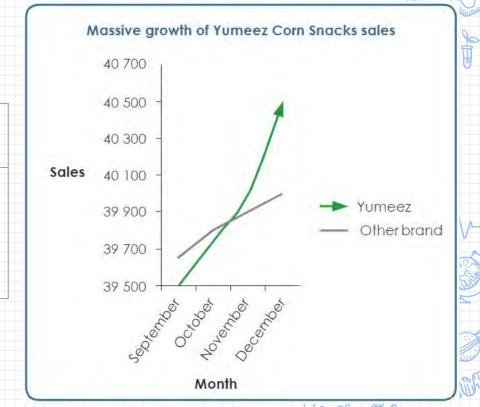
Question	Biased or Neutral?	Reason	Neutral question
Would you rather eat a delicious steak that I cooked or another boring meat pie?			
How tall are you?			
Is soccer your favourite sport?			
What time do you go to bed?			
Do you like the boring stories your teacher reads after lunch?			

Misleading Graphs

Graphs can be constructed so that they are deliberately misleading. In this line graph, it looks like Yumeez Corn snacks are very popular compared to a different brand.

Can you see what is misleading about this graph? **Hint**: Look at the scale and title.

Why do you think the data would be presented in this way? Write your answer below.







WEEK 29 SESSION 2

Answer as many questions as you can in 5 minutes

MENTAL STRATEGIES do these in your head

Q	Question	Answer
1	10 = 🗆 + 1	
2	What is double 8?	
3	What is half of 51?	
4	15 + 80 = 🗆	
5	133 - 60 = 🗆	

6	12 + 🗆 = 20	
7	68 + 70 = 🗆	
8	51 + 18 = 51 + 9 + 🗆	
9	1 + 871 =	
10	86 + 85 = 80 + 80 + \square	
	Total out of 10	

TIMESTABLES do these in your head

Q	Question	Answer
1	21 ÷ □ = 7	
2	□ × 10 = 100	
3	□ ÷ 10 = 3	
4	49 ÷ □ = 7	
5	8 × 8 = □	

6	□ ÷ 6 = 4	
7	45 ÷ □ = 5	
8	6 × 6 = 🗆	
9	□ × 6 = 54	
10	90 ÷ 10 = □	
	Total out of 10	

KEY SKILLS - you may use written calculations for these questions

Q	Question	Answer
1	612 ÷ 9 = □	
2	10 ÷ 2 + 4	
3	40.32 ÷ 0.5	
4	0.13 × 10	
5	(-100) ÷ (-10)	
6	If $a = 5 b = 9$ and $c = 3$, what is the value of 2a + b/c?	

7	(-2) + (-1)	
8	Round 6.3674 to 3 s.f.	
9	What is the letter at (1,0)? ABCDE FGHJ KLNNP* QRSTU VWXYZ	
10	What is 8/10 of 80?	
	Total out of 10	

WHICH MINDS BELT
ARE YOU?

Which belt does your

0=3

WHITE

VEFFOW

400

77-8 DRANGE

GREEN 1000112

14-17 BLUE

PURPLE 110-21

22-25 RED

BROWN 25-22

.....

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Week 29 Session 1

Mental Strategies Answers

Q	Question	Answer
1	10 = 🗆 + 1	9
2	What is double 8?	16
3	What is half of 51?	25.5
4	15 + 80 = 🗆	95
5	133 − 60 = □	73
6	12 + 🗆 = 20	8
7	68 + 70 = □	138
8	51 + 18 = 51 + 9 + 🗆	9
9	1 + 871 = 🗆	872
10	86 + 85 = 80 + 80 + 🗆	11



Week 29 Session 1

Times tables Answers

Q	Question	Answer
1	21 ÷ □ = 7	3
2	□ × 10 = 100	10
3	□ ÷ 10 = 3	30
4	49 ÷ □ = 7	7
5	8 × 8 = 🗆	64
6	□ ÷ 6 = 4	24
7	45 ÷ □ = 5	9
8	6 × 6 = □	36
9	□ × 6 = 54	9
10	90 ÷ 10 = 🗆	9

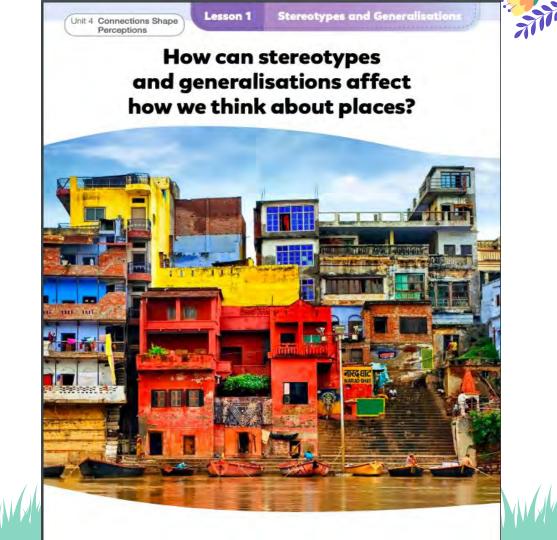


Week 29 Session 1

Key Skills Answers

Q	Question	Answer
1	612 ÷ 9 = □	68
2	10 ÷ 2 + 4	9
3	40.32 ÷ 0.5	80.64
4	0.13 × 10	1.3
5	(-100) ÷ (-10)	10
6	If $a = 5$ b = 9 and c = 3, what is the value of $2a + b/c$?	13
7	5 - (-10)	15
8	What is the highest common factor of 27 and 19?	1
9	What is the value of (-12) squared?	144
10	What is 110% of £120?	£132



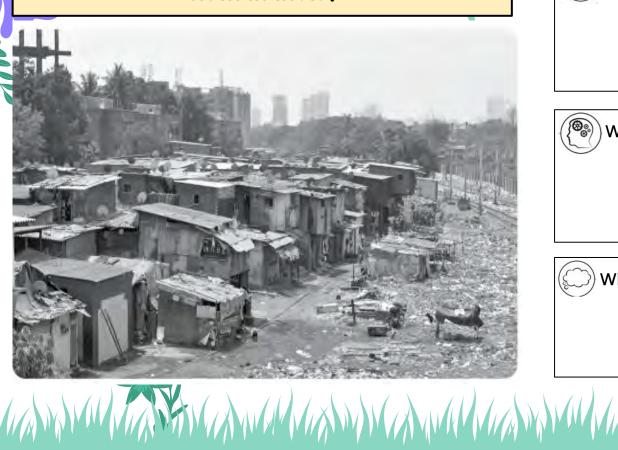


How can stereotypes and generalisations affect how we think about places?

Sixty-two million people in India live in slums. Slums are areas of a city which are filled with overcrowded, run-down housing, which are considered unfit for people to live in. Most slums have no regular fresh water or proper toilets and are overrun with rubbish.

AND THE STATE OF T

Look at the image below of the Dharavi slum in India.





What do you see?



What do you think?



What do you wonder?



Watch the following clip: https://www.inquisitive.com/video/1030-the-dharavi-slum

XMMM/XMM/XMM/

After viewing the above clip, write a newspaper headline about Dharavi slum that tells a different story.

THE TIMES OF INDIA

Type here

Ethiopia



What are your current perceptions about Ethiopia? (i.e. negative/positive and why?)

Click here to view images of Ethiopia → Ethiopia images--> Ebook

Describe what you see?

How might Ethiopia be affected by people's incorrect perceptions?

Watch this video→ https://www.inquisitive.com/video/1031-delhi-street-children-s-newspaper

What are these kids doing to break down media and society stereotypes about them?

MARINE MA





Wednesday DEAR

Text Read

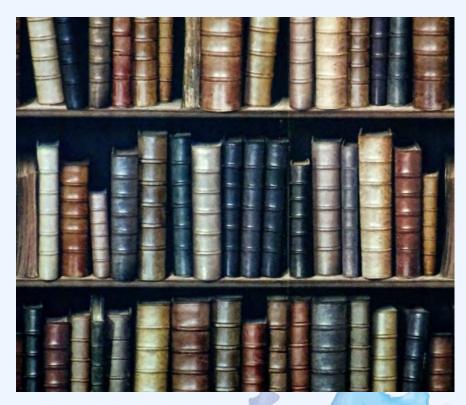
Type here

Pages Read

Type here

Amount of Time

Type here





Soundwaves Unit 27



ear 5 Year 6

soot sugar woollen woolly wolf couldn't would've shouldn't crooked fully bully pulley bullet

bullock fullness womanly pudding butcher driffwood barefoot bulldozer understood knighthood cushion kookaburra hoodwink ambushed bullying pulleys bullocky cuckoo crookedly rookery whoosh bushel bulrush fulsome bulletin

bullion courier likelihood fulfilment unfulfilled fulfilling ebullient
woomera
babushka
pincushion
bushwhacker
misunderstood

Year 5 Extension

bullies bullying bushranger cushioned ebullience

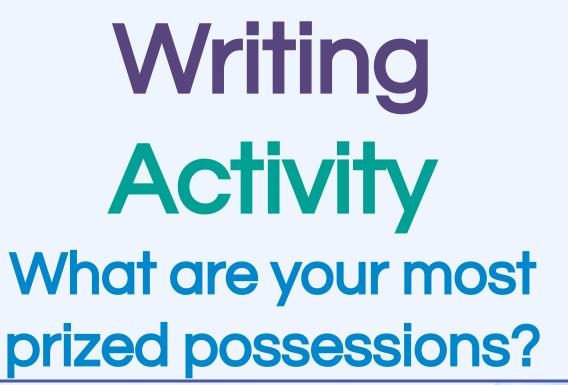
ebullient ebulliently footlights fulfilling livelihood misunderstood penpusher pulleys pulpit pushiness

swoosh wolverine wolves woodwork woolarower

bookbinder bulbul bullroarer bulwark chequebook Year 6 Extension

fulcrum fulminate fulmination hookworm kaput kibbutz kibbutzim pullet pulmonary sootiness sputnik unfulfilling woofer worsted

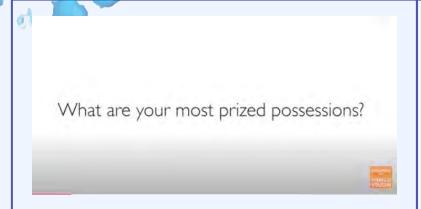
Soundwaves Online





Watch this video.

It relates to many of the topics we have covered this term and throughout the year with refugees. immigration and asylum seekers.



a prized/treasured possession (one that is very important to you):

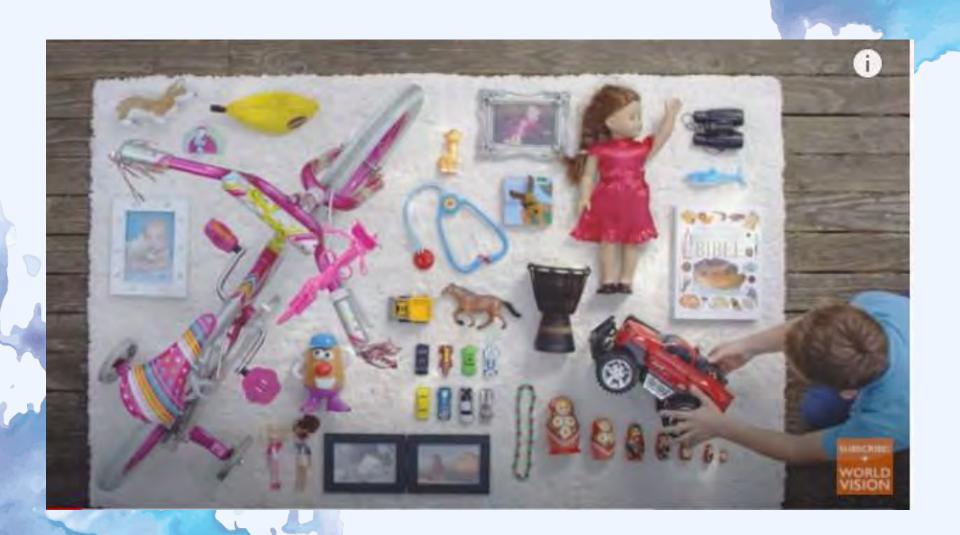
Think of all of your most prized possessions.

Decide what they would be.

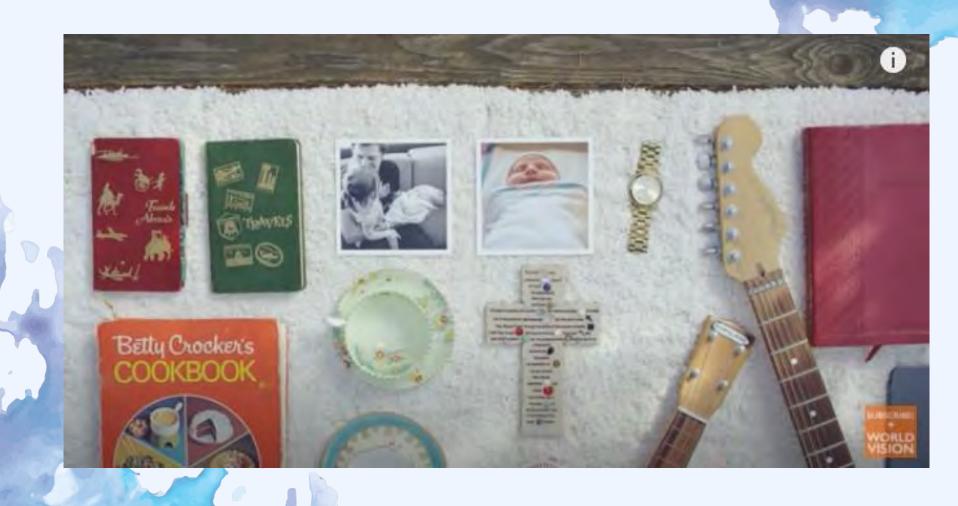
Look at the next slides to help you decide..











Your Prized Possessions

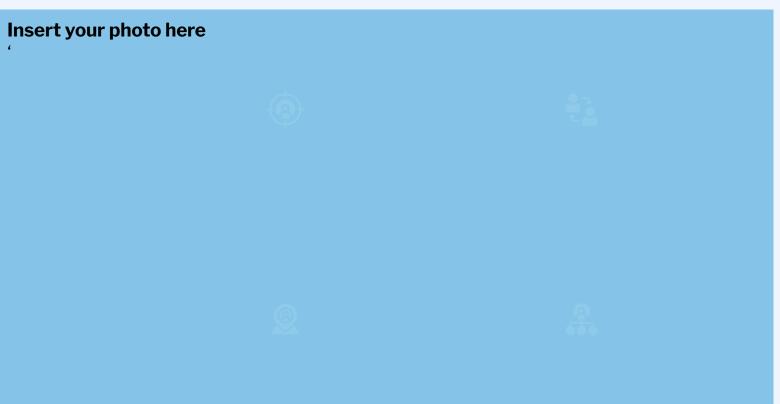
What you need to do:

- Think about what a prized possession means to you
- Collect your prized possessions (they could be items in your home or that belong to someone in your family)
- Have at least 6 prized possessions they can be anything
- Lay your chosen possessions on the floor (you can lay them on a blanket, towel as a background like the examples shown
- Take a photo from an aerial view

Extension:

Number your objects in the photo like the first example and name what they are.

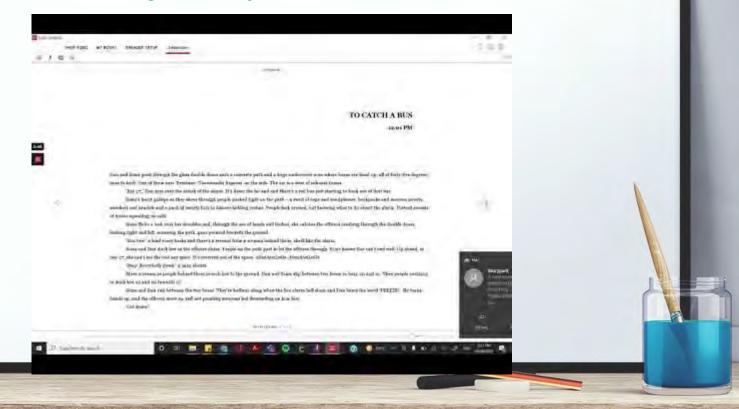
Type your name Prized Possessions



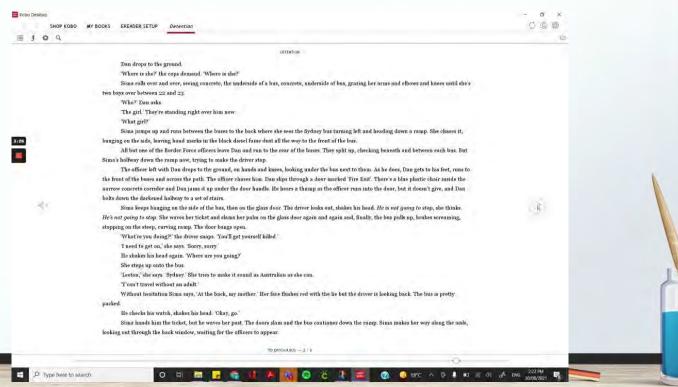




Wednesday - Chapter 35 Youtube link



Wednesday - Chapter 35

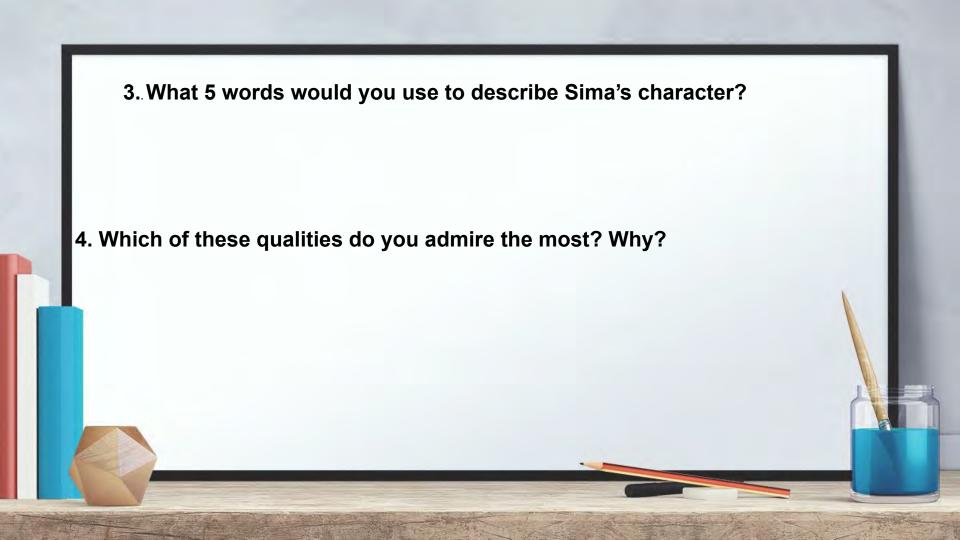


To CATCH A BUS

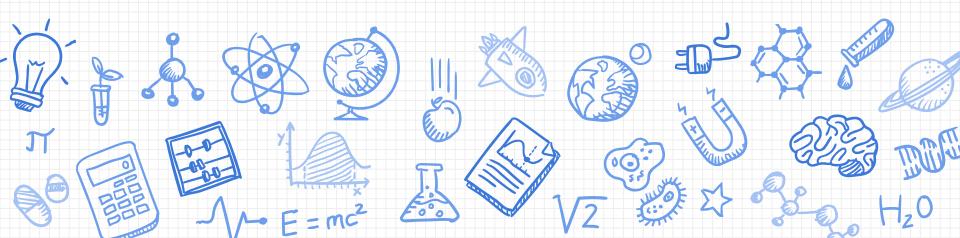
The scene at the bus station is chaotic with armed Border Force officers chasing Sima, people screaming and the fire alarm causing panic.

1. Do you think that Sima presents such a 'threat' to public safety that the behaviour of the border force officers is justified? Why? Why not?

2. Sima makes it onto the bus to Leeton but will she make it all the way to her Uncle's? What do you think might happen next?



DATA



Learning Intention

We are learning to use appropriate methods to collect data and construct, interpret and evaluate data displays, including dot plots, line graphs and two-way tables

Success Criteria

I can:

- Interpret and compare a range of data displays
- Interpret secondary data presented in digital media and elsewhere
- Interpret tables and graphs presented in digital media and factual texts
- Identify and describe conclusions
- Critically evaluate data representations found in digital media
- Identify sources of bias and misleading representations of data



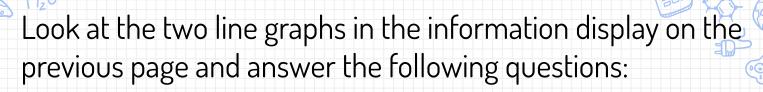


Graphs are made by different people for different reasons, so it is important to think about who collected the data, presented the graph and if there is any bias in what they want to tell us.

This data display is from the Australian Beverages Council (ABC)





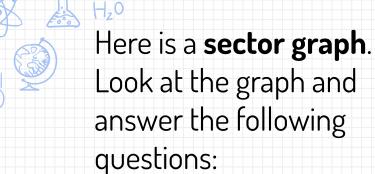


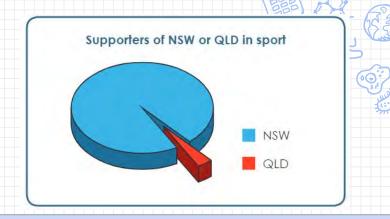
What do these graphs show us?

Why do you think the years are different between the two graphs?

Does this make comparisons between the two graphs fair and accurate? Give reasons for your answer

How would you change the line graphs in the data display to make them more accurate?

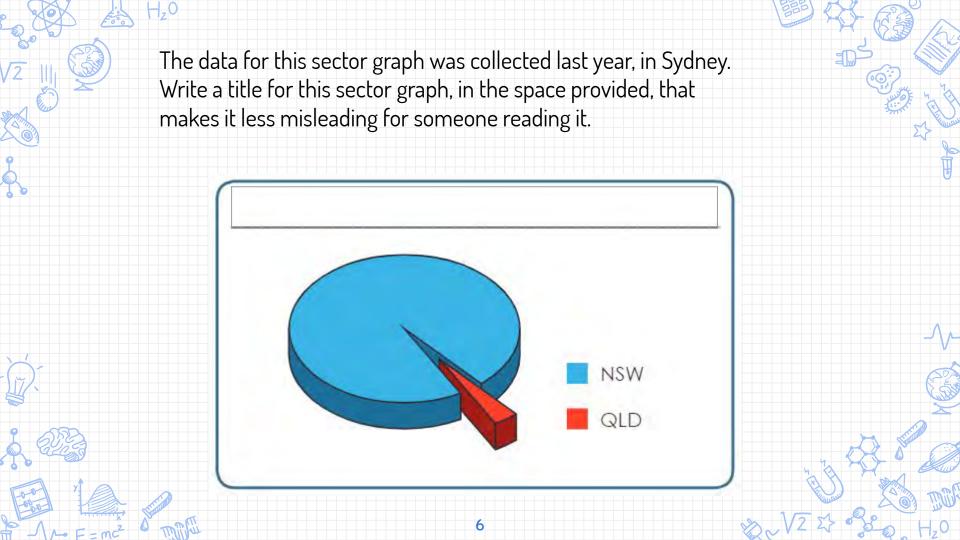




What does this sector graph show?

Does the graph indicate from what year or where the data was gathered? Why might this make a difference?

Do you think the graph is complete? Why or why not?





WEEK 29 SESSION 3

Answer as many questions as you can in 5 minutes

MENTAL STRATEGIES do these in your head

Q	Question	Answer
1	10 = 1 + 🗆	
2	Double 6	
3	What is half of 80?	
4	150 + 20 = 🗆	
5	78 − 50 = □	

6	69 + □ = 70	
7	98 + 97 = 🗆	
8	32 + 12 = 32 + 8 + □	
9	1 + 147 = 🗆	
10	36 + 15 = 30 + 10 + \square	
	Total out of 10	

TIMESTABLES do these in your head

Q	Question	Answer	
1	27 ÷ □ = 9		
2	10 × □ = 20		
3	40 ÷ □ = 4		
4	7 × 🗆 = 42		
5	□ v 0 – 72		

6	□ ÷ 6 = 2	
7	45 ÷ □ = 5	
8	6 × □ = 48	
9	63 ÷ 9 = □	
10	100 ÷ □ = 10	
	Total out of 10	

KEY SKILLS - you may use written calculations for these questions

Q	Question	Answer
1	288 ÷ 9 = □	
2	100 - 20 ÷ 5	
3	67.32 ÷ 9	
4	9.28 × 10	
5	70 ÷ (-10)	
6	If $a = 7 b = 10$ and $c = 9$, what is the value of $c / (b - a)$?	

7	45 ÷ □ = 5	
8	6 × □ = 48	
9	63 ÷ 9 = □	
10	100 ÷ □ = 10	
	Total out of 10	

WHICH MINDS BELT
ARE YOU?

Which belt does your

0=3

WHITE

VEFFOW

400

77-8 DRANGE

GREEN 1000112

14-17 BLUE

PURPLE 110-21

22-25 RED

BROWN 25-22

.....

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Week 29 Session 3

Mental Strategies Answers

Q	Question	Answer
1	10 = 1 + 🗆	9
2 Double 6		12
3 What is half of 80?		40
4	150 + 20 = 🗆	170
5	78 − 50 = □	28
6	69 + □ = 70	1
7	98 + 97 = 🗆	195
8	32 + 12 = 32 + 8 + 🗆	4
9	1 + 147 = 🗆	148
10	36 + 15 = 30 + 10 + 🗆	11



Week 29 Session 3

Times tables Answers

Q	Question	Answer
1	27 ÷ □ = 9	3
2	10 × □ = 20	2
3	40 ÷ □ = 4	10
4	7 × 🗆 = 42	6
5	□ × 9 = 72	8
6	□ ÷ 6 = 2	12
7	45 ÷ □ = 5	9
8	6 × □ = 48	8
9	63 ÷ 9 = □	7
10	100 ÷ □ = 10	10



Week 29 Session 3

Key Skills Answers

Q	Question	Answer
1	288 ÷ 9 = □	32
2	100 - 20 + 5	96
3	67.32 ÷ 9	7.48
4	9.28 × 10	92.8
5	70 ÷ (-10)	-7
6	If $a = 7 b = 10$ and $c = 9$, what is the value of $c / (b - a)$?	3
7	(-2) - (-9)	7
8	What is the highest common factor of 21 and 28?	7
9	What is the value of 82?	64
10.	What is 65% of £370?	£240.50

Science Week 9 (Assessment) Wednesday

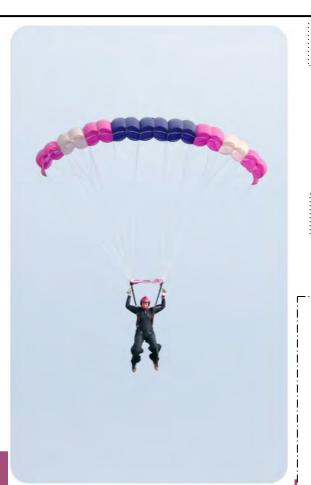
Name and describe three forces you learnt about in this unit

	T	
	Force (name)	Describe
1		
2		
3		

Drag the correct force onto the the corresponding image. Some may have more than one force







a)

Gravity

Thrust

Air Resistance

Tension

Buoyancy

Elastic Force

b)

Write down below, whether each image uses a 'push' or 'pull' force

- 1. Cruise ship image \rightarrow
- 2. Rocket image →
- 3. Parachute image \rightarrow

Mars is almost half the size as Earth and therefore the force of gravity will also be half the strength. Knowing what you now know about forces and the atmosphere on Mars, design an efficient vehicle that could be used to explore the planet or the area surrounding it. Use the shape/arrow feature to create your vehicle. Alternatively, draw and label your design.





Thursday DEAR

Text Read

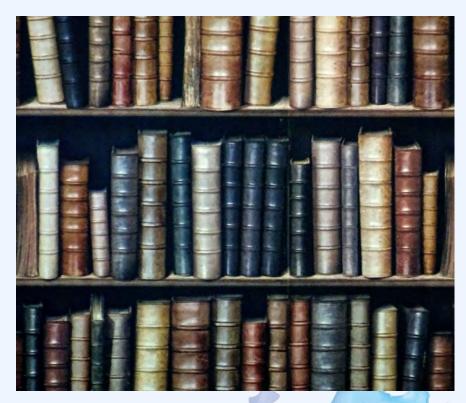
Type here

Pages Read

Type here

Amount of Time

Type here





Soundwaves Unit 27



ear 5 Year 6

soot sugar woollen woolly wolf couldn't would've shouldn't crooked fully bully pulley bullet

bullock fullness womanly pudding butcher driffwood barefoot bulldozer understood knighthood cushion kookaburra hoodwink ambushed bullying pulleys bullocky cuckoo crookedly rookery whoosh bushel bulrush fulsome bulletin

bullion courier likelihood fulfilment unfulfilled fulfilling ebullient
woomera
babushka
pincushion
bushwhacker
misunderstood

Year 5 Extension

bullies bullying bushranger cushioned ebullience

ebullient ebulliently footlights fulfilling livelihood misunderstood penpusher pulleys pulpit pushiness

swoosh wolverine wolves woodwork woolarower

bookbinder bulbul bullroarer bulwark cheauebook Year 6 Extension

fulcrum fulminate fulmination hookworm kaput kibbutz kibbutzim pullet pulmonary sootiness sputnik unfulfilling woofer worsted

Soundwaves Online

Learning Intention: We are learning to write an appropriate synonyms for words.

Success Criteria

- I know that a synonyms are words that mean the same as a given word
- I can write a synonym for my chosen list words.



Type your spelling words and a word with the same meaning.

C Teaching Simplified



Persuasive Writing

My prized possessions

You will need yesterday's photo submission to complete this task. Ensure it is complete.

Learning Intention: We are writing a paragraph to justify our choice in our prized possessions

Success Criteria

- I can include a topic sentence at the very beginning.
- I can identify each of my prized possessions with a reason of justification
- I have written a concluding statement to summarise my paragraph

Please remember your teacher will be taking into consideration the suitability of your choices

Things to consider before you begin...



Setting

Remember you have been given little notice and need to evacuate your house.

<u>Click here</u> to refresh your memory

Suitability of choices

You probably won't have much space and will need to keep your baggage light.





PEEL Paragraphs

Remember to include elements of a PEEL paragraph.

Persuasive Language Features

To justify your choices there is an element of persuasion. Look at the next slide if you need revising.



Things to include to make your paragraph



examples



Sentence Starters for stating your opinion

- · In my opinion
- I believe
- I think
- I prefer
 Mu favorite

Transitions when providing reasons

First

- · Another reason
- To start

Next

paragraph

Or back to

main point

- Finally
 Lastlu
- To begin with
 Second
- Most importantly
 One last reason

Transitions when providing examples/details

- For example
- Additionally
- For instance
- In other words
 In fact
- In particular
 Specifically
- An example is

Transitions when coming to a conclusion

- In conceusion
- · To sum it up
- · All in all
- To summarize
- As you can see
- Finally

	to use us pro-	7 [rs and give lasive argu		
1	believe that				
F	it is vital that.		I have	to say that	
L	1	I'm s	100	I know	
I really f	eel that	1'm's			
	hers must agr	ree that	7 1	t is clear th	ot
Ot	hers must us			- L-cartnin	Line
-	Clearly	1	ı'm absolu	itely certain	
	1.00	1	7 Twi	thout doub	tu
1	t has to be tin	ne that			
1	1	i kn	It sees	ns to me th	at
The	time has com	neto	_	eethat	Of course

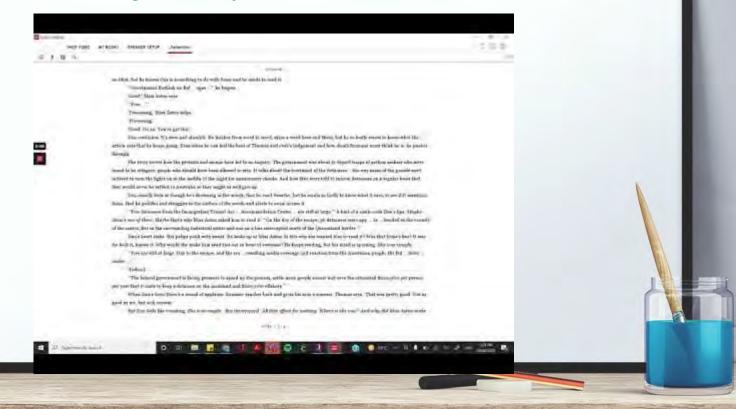
Title for your paragraph

Type your paragraph here

Another slide if you need it



Thursday - Chapter 36 Youtube link



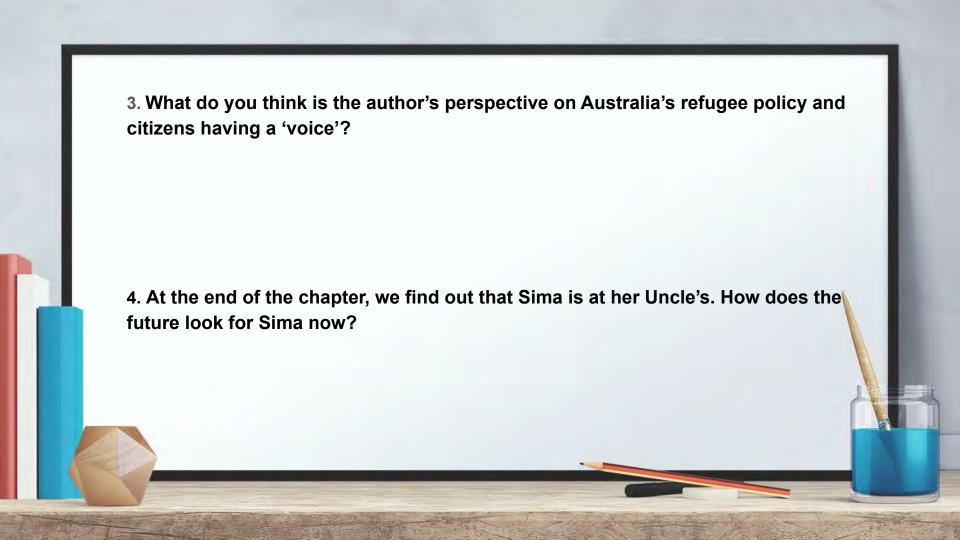
Thursday - Chapter 36



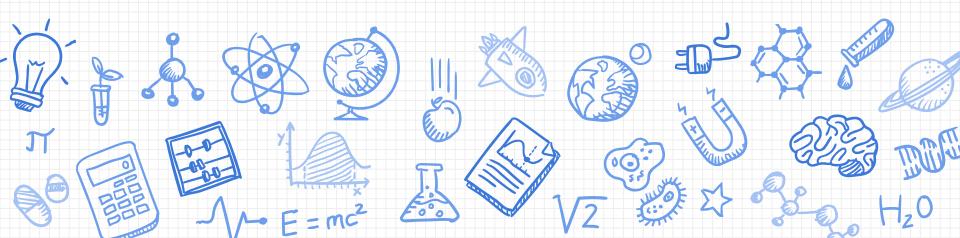


1. Do you believe that Miss Aston didn't say anything to the Principal about Sima on the day of the lockdown? Why/Why not?

2. In this chapter we find out that the protests and escapes have led to an inquiry on the treatment of refugees and the Federal Government is under pressure to settle more refugees. Why do you think the author is telling us this now?



DATA



Learning Intention

We are learning to use appropriate methods to collect data and construct, interpret and evaluate data displays, including dot plots, line graphs and two-way tables

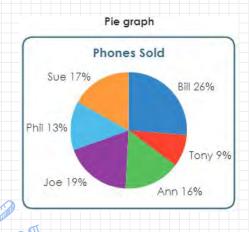
Success Criteria

I can:

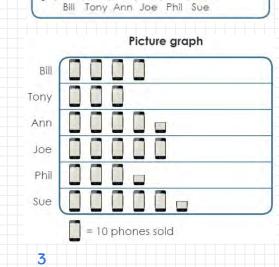
- Interpret and compare a range of data displays
- Interpret secondary data presented in digital media and elsewhere
- Interpret tables and graphs presented in digital media and factual texts
- Identify and describe conclusions
- Critically evaluate data representations found in digital media
- Identify sources of bias and misleading representations of data

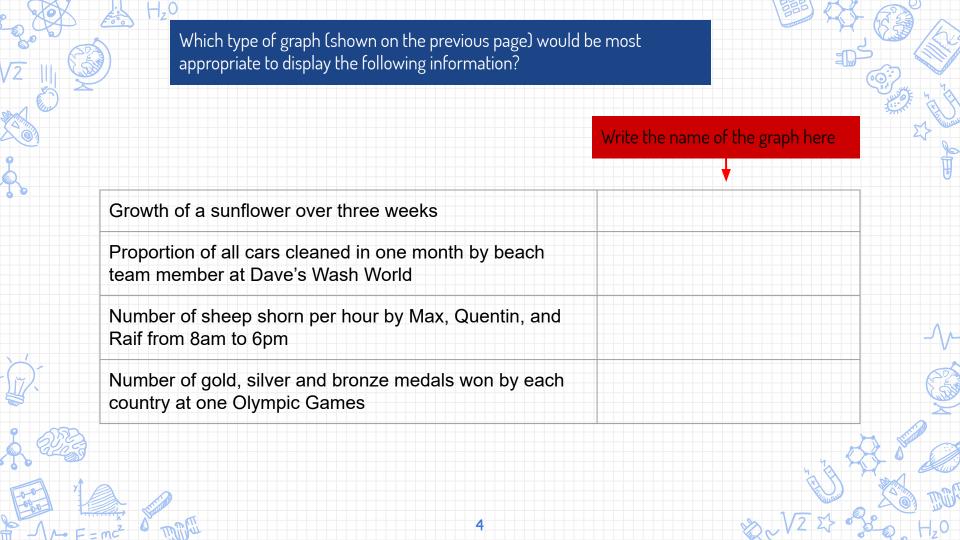


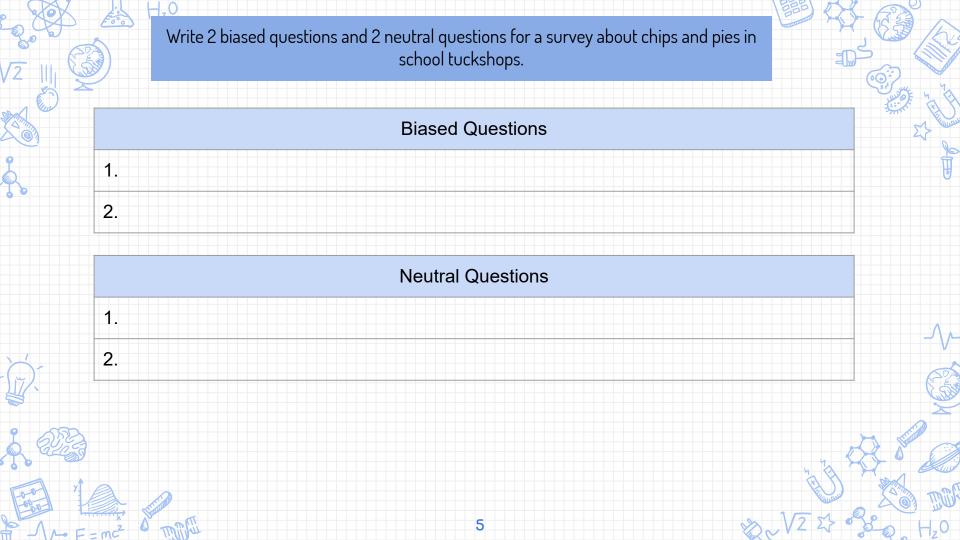




January February March







Match each of the following graphs to the following reports by inserting a line to connect them 2002 2007 2012 2010 2011 2012 2007 2009 2011 2012

State energy consumption

New South Wales consumes more energy than Queensland. There was a reverse in this trend for one year due to unseasonal warm weather causing...

Interest rates

The Australian dollar steadied against the US dollar and currency speculators heaved a sigh of relief after two torrid years of rises and falls.

BioWarrior no longer lord of its domain

After years of strong sales due to an active online community, sales of the latest version of BioWarrior have slumped. Sales are down 40 000 from the peak...

6RW improves on tidiness

Class 6RW have worked very hard to keep their lunch area litter free. Only one piece of litter was found after lunch for two days last week.



WEEK 29 SESSION 4

Answer as many questions as you can in 5 minutes

MENTAL STRATEGIES -

do these in your head

Q	Question	Answer
1	1 + 🗆 = 10	
2	Double 2	
3	Halve 13	
4	31 + 30 = 🗆	
5	62 − 20 = □	
6	85 + 🗆 = 90	

7	44 + 47 =	
8	83 + 13 = 83 + 7 + \square	
9	7 + 977 =	
10	29 + 37 = 29 + 30 + \square	
	Total out of 10	

TIMESTABLES do these in your head

Q	Question	Answer
1	□ ÷ 3 = 9	
2	10 × □ = 30	
3	10 × □ = 80	
4	□ ÷ 7 = 4	
5	□ ÷ 8 = 2	

6	6 × 6 = 🗆	
7	9 × 7 = 🗆	
8	6 × 2 = □	
9	9 × 4 = 🗆	
10	□ × 8 = 80	
	Total out of 10	

KEY SKILLS - you may use written calculations for these questions

Q	Question	Answer
1	720 ÷ 9 = □	
2	59 - 2 ÷ 1	
3	131.6 ÷ 10	
4	5.42 × 10	
5	(-10) ÷ (-5)	

6	If a = 5 b = 3 and c = 10, what is the value of bc / a?	
7	7 - (-8)	
8	List all the factors of 4	
9	What is the value of 62?	
10	What is 115% of £160?	
	Total out of 10	

WHICH MINDS BELT
ARE YOU?

Which belt does your

0=3

WHITE

VEFFOW

400

77-8 DRANGE

GREEN 1000112

14-17 BLUE

PURPLE 110-21

22-25 RED

BROWN 25-22

.....

KINJAS

BL太CK

NUMERACYNINJAS DEG



Week 29 Session 4

Mental Strategies Answers

Q	Question	Answer
1	1 + 🗆 = 10	9
2	Double 2	4
3	Halve 13	26
4	31 + 30 = □	61
5	62 − 20 = □	42
6	85 + □ = 90	5
7	44 + 47 = 🗆	91
8	83 + 13 = 83 + 7 + 🖂	6
9	7 + 977 = 🗆	984
10	29 + 37 = 29 + 30 + 🗆	7



Week 29 Session 4

Timestables Answers

Q	Question	Answer
1	□ ÷ 3 = 9	27
2	10 × □ = 30	3
3	10 × □ = 80	8
4	□ ÷ 7 = 4	28
5	□ ÷ 8 = 2	16
6	6 × 6 = 🗆	36
7	9 × 7 = 🗆	63
8	6 × 2 = □	12
9	9 × 4 = □	36
10	□ × 8 = 80	10

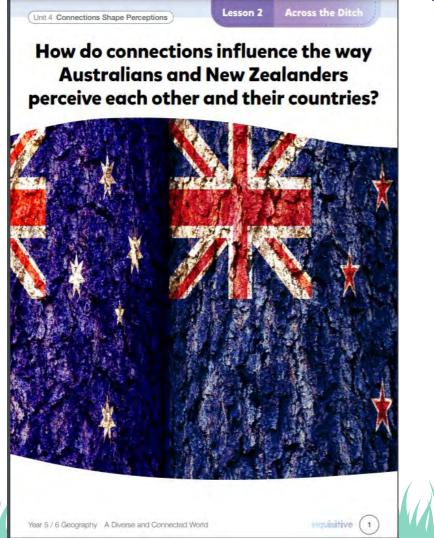


Week 29 Session 4

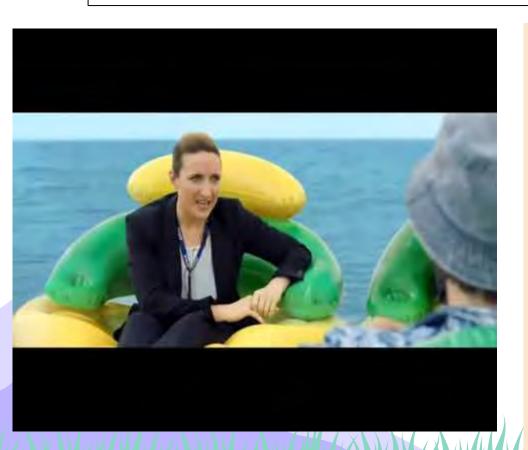
Key Skills Answers

Q	Question	Answer
1	720 ÷ 9 = □	80
2	59 - 2 ÷ 1	57
3	131.6 ÷ 10	13.16
4	5.42 × 10	54.2
5	(-10) ÷ (-5)	2
6	If a = 5 b = 3 and c = 10, what is the value of bc / a?	6
7	7 - (-8)	15
8	List all the factors of 4	1, 2, 4
9	What is the value of 62?	36
10	What is 115% of £160?	£184





Australia Day Australian Lamb advertisement 2019

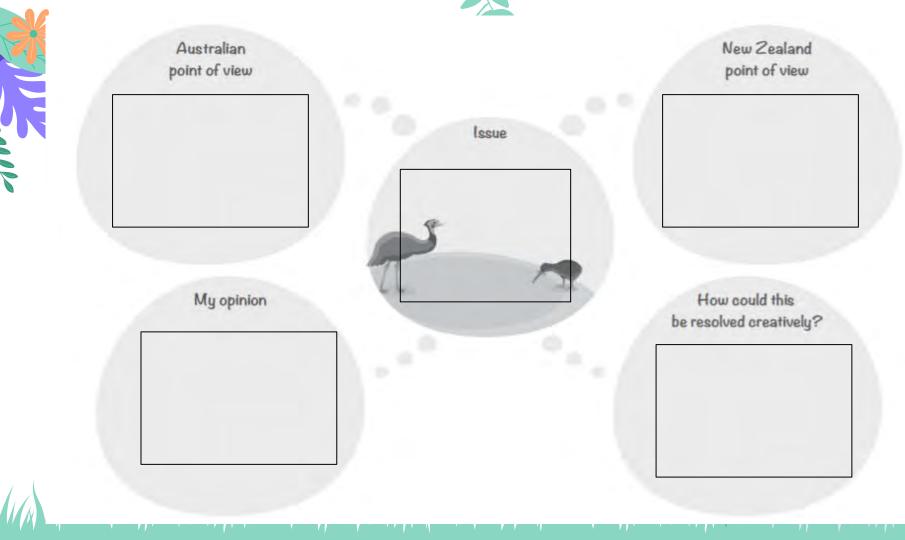


In the video, there is a selection of Australia/New Zealand issues mentioned.

Choose <u>one</u> of these and do your own research about it, then complete the mind map with information.

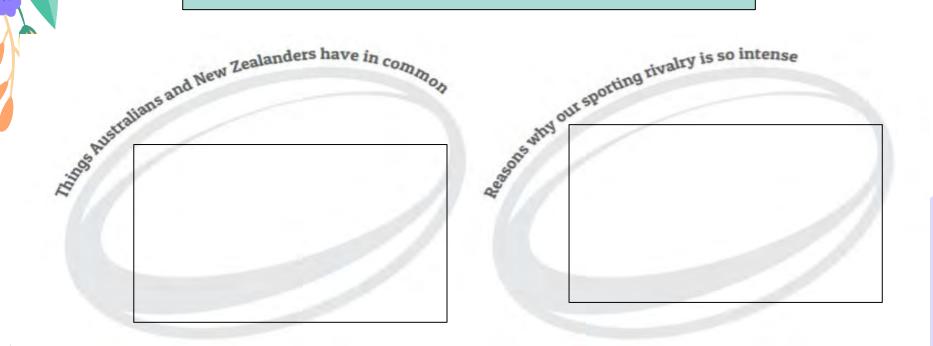
- The underarm bowling incident
- Which country invented the pavlova?
- Australia claiming famous/successful people: Russell Crowe, Mel Gibson, Crowded House, Phar Lap

Complete this on the next slide



Watch the following video: Australia and New Zealand Sport https://www.inquisitive.com/video/1033-australia-new-zealand-sport

Answer the questions below in each football



The term ANZAC was created in 1914, in World War I, when the Australian Imperial Force and New Zealand Expeditionary Force stationed in Egypt were joined together to fight under one command. The ANZAC spirit symbolises the mutual respect earned when Australians and New Zealanders fought together. These close ties between Australia and New Zealand continue today.

The ANZAC bridge in Sydney was built to honour the Australian and New Zealand soldiers who served together in World War 1

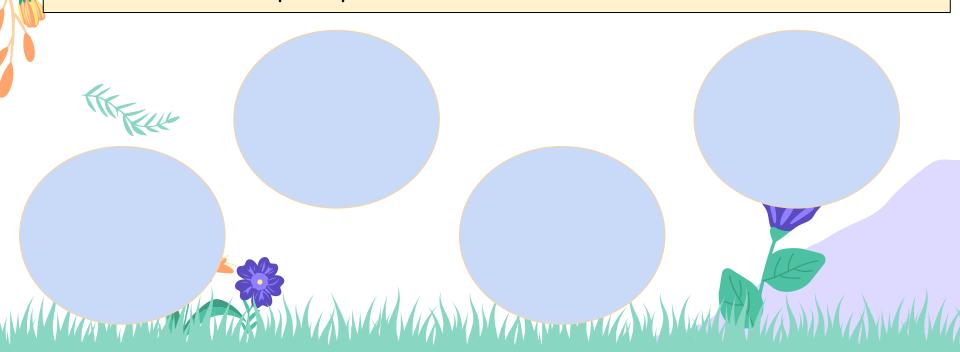
Conduct your own research about the ANZAC bridge and explain one way that it respects the Australia New Zealand connection.

Answer here



Click and explore this website https://www.newzealand.com/au/campaign/new-australia-land/

Look through the different tourist options that New Australia-Land has to offer and find some examples of perceptions that New Zealand has about Australia. Place the perceptions in the bubbles below.



Week 9 Stage 3 Friday



Friday DEAR

Text Read

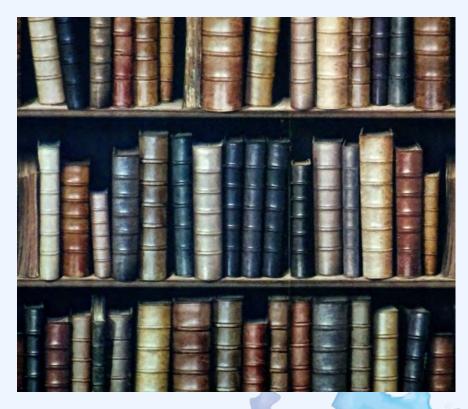
Type here

Pages Read

Type here

Amount of Time

Type here





Soundwaves Unit 27



ear 5 Year 6

soot sugar woollen woolly wolf couldn't would've shouldn't crooked fully bully pulley bullet

bullock fullness womanly pudding butcher driffwood barefoot bulldozer understood knighthood cushion kookaburra hoodwink ambushed bullying pulleys bullocky cuckoo crookedly rookery whoosh bushel bulrush fulsome bulletin

bullion courier likelihood fulfilment unfulfilled fulfilling ebullient
woomera
babushka
pincushion
bushwhacker
misunderstood

Year 5 Extension

bullies bullying bushranger cushioned ebullience

ebullient ebulliently footlights fulfilling livelihood misunderstood penpusher pulleys pulpit pushiness

swoosh wolverine wolves woodwork woolarower

bookbinder bulbul bullroarer bulwark cheauebook Year 6 Extension

fulcrum fulminate fulmination hookworm kaput kibbutz kibbutzim pullet pulmonary sootiness sputnik unfulfilling woofer worsted

Soundwaves Online

BTN EPISODE FRIDAY 10TH SEPTEMBER

BTN Link

https://www.abc.net.au/btn/classroom/

BTN SUMMARY

Episode for this week.

Write a summary about your favourite story.

Summarising

- What was the text about?
- · Who was in the story?
- Where did the story take place?
- · What was the author's purpose?
- What is the main message or moral of this text?
- · Was there a problem to be resolved in the text?
- How was the problem resolved?
- · What are some keywords or key phrases from the text?
- How have your feelings about the topic changed?
- Were you surprised by the ending? Why? Why not?
- Did you enjoy the piece? Why? Why Not?
- · How would you describe this text to another person?

BTN SUMMARY - FRIDAY 10TH SEPTEMBER

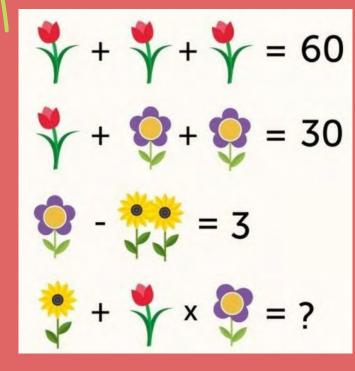
Type your summary here



MATHS

CHALLENGE

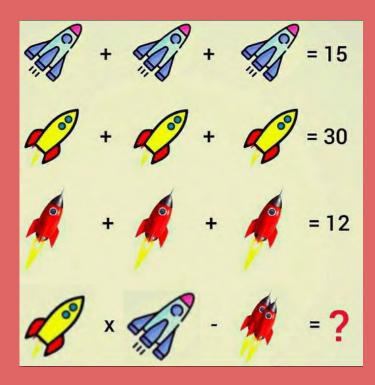
Week 9 - Friday















Use your math skills to find the value of each icon.



ESCAPE ROOM

Can you complete the 4 tasks to help astronauts reactivate the navigation system?



LOST IN SPACE!



The astronauts aboard the International Space Station have just sent out a distress signal, their navigation system is malfunctioning, and they are beginning to go off course!

The only way to bypass their emergency protocol and reactivate the navigation system is to follow the clues and find the 4 security codes.

The astronauts are relying on you, so make sure you read all the instructions carefully to crack the codes!

LOST IN SPACE!



- I. In this online file, you will have all of the instructions and puzzles needed to uncover 4 secret codes. Type your answers onto the slides so you can keep track of your answers.
- 2. Read all instructions carefully to solve the problems accurately and uncover the correct codes.
- 3. When you finish a task, the code must be typed into a Google Form you can access here:

https://forms.gle/TTegRRcKSVpDJsyR7

4. If your code is incorrect you will be prompted to 'try again'. If your code is correct, continue to the next task!

TASK ONE

Supplies needed:

√ Task1 question sheet

Directions:

- 1. Find the missing quantities in each number sentence
- 2. Add all the digits of each answer (the missing number), one at a time, then record this number on the code line below. Do this for all the numbers, working from left to right and top to bottom
- 3. Type your code into the Google Form with no spaces. If the code is correct, progress to the next task.

TASK ONE QUESTION SH

TASK TWO

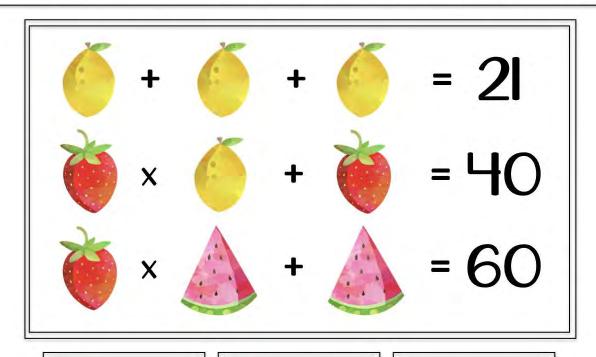
Supplies needed:

√ Task 2 question sheet

Directions:

- 1. Find the values of the lemon, strawberry and watermelon
- 2. Write these values at the bottom of the page, then type the numbers from left to right into the Google Form with no spaces. If the code is correct, progress to the next task.

TASK TWO QUESTION SH





TASK THREE

Supplies needed:

✓ Task 3 question sheet

Directions:

- 1. Find the rule for each number pattern, then fill in the missing numbers
- 2. Record the missing numbers (not the rule) on the code line below. Numbers should be recorded in order (left to right and top to bottom)
- 3. Type your code into the Google Form with no spaces. If the code is correct, progress to the next task.

TASK THREE QUESTION S

CODE: ???????????????????

TASK FOUR

Supplies needed:

- √ Task 4 question sheet
- √ Task 4 decoder

Directions:

- 1. Solve the word problems
- 2. On the decoder page, use the answers from the word problems to find the secret message
- 3. Type the secret message in CAPITAL letters into the Google Form with no spaces. If the code is correct, you have made it out!

TASK FOUR QUESTION SI

QUESTION I

Matthew has saved \$1560 for a trip overseas, and his parents gave him \$200. How much more money does he need to save if the trip costs \$2300?

Type here

QUESTION 3

Rihanna ran 7.5km over 3 days. On the first 2 days she ran the same distance. How far did she run on the third day, if it was half of what she ran on each of the first 2 days?

Type here

QUESTION 2

Tom purchased 2 books at his local book store for a total of \$39. If one book was double the price of the other, how much was the cheapest book?

Type here

QUESTION 4

Milly's dad is 45 years old, he is 15 years older than twice Milly's age. How old is Milly?

Type here

TASK FOUR DECODER

	QUESTION I DECODER									
0	l	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	q	
Ī	Е	W	R	Α	Ν	Τ	Υ	U	р	

QUESTION 2 DECODER										
0	1	2	3	Н	5	6	7	8	q	
J	L	0	Е	S	Α	Ν	С	В	р	

QUESTION I

?

?

?

QUESTION 2

?

?

QUESTION 3 DECODER									
0	l	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	q
р	D	C	Е	S	1	В	Α	X	Q

QUESTION 4 DECODER									
0	J	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	q
R	T	U	D	Ε	I	K	С	Υ	F

QUESTION 3

?

?

QUESTION 4

?

?

CODE: ?????????



Muscular Strength vs Muscular Endurance









Week 9 Lesson Video

Welcome to week 9 everyone. Only two weeks until holidays and a well deserved break.

Our Got Game lesson this week is all about Muscular Strength and Endurance. You will learn what each one is and what exercises/activities you can do to increase your strength and endurance in your body. You will be working hard in this video with Rob and I so get your water bottle ready and make sure you've got plenty of energy and enthusiasm! Click on the link below to get stuck into it.

Good luck,

Mr Ellis

https://loom.com/share/0e6e1f2283f7443f9ad63cd3876220f3

Extension Videos

Click on the links below to access more videos that will further improve your Muscular Strength and Endurance as well as a Kahoot to test your knowledge! If the Kahoot link you click on does not let you complete that quiz then click on one of the other links.

Skipping combinations with Michelle

Speed skipping with Michelle

Side swing crossover skipping with Michelle

Boxing muscular strength and endurance with Emily

<u>Muscular endurance activity with Emily</u>

Roll the dice activity with Emily

Kahoot:

https://kahoot.it/challenge/08132235?challenge-id=4e948176-9013-45b9-960d-2c108477c092 1630452015453

https://kahoot.it/challenge/03046507?challenge-id=4e948176-9013-45b9-960d-2c108477c092 1630452059266

https://kahoot.it/challenge/06345366?challenge-id=4e948176-9013-45b9-960d-2c108477c092 1630452118440

https://kahoot.it/challenge/02124285?challenge-id=4e948176-9013-45b9-960d-2c108477c092 1630452201967